WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 57

FISCAL NOTE

BY SENATOR BOSO

[Introduced January 9, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure; and

then to the Committee on Finance]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §7-20-1, §7-20-2, §7-20-3, §7-20-6, §7-20-7, §7-20-7a, §7-20-14, 2 §7-20-15, §7-20-16, §7-20-23, and §7-20-24 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as 3 amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto 27 new sections, designated §7-20-4 25, §7-20-26, §7-20-27, §7-20-28, §7-20-29, §7-20-30, §7-20-31, §7-20-32, §7-20-33, §7-5 20-34, §7-20-35, §7-20-36, §7-20-37, §7-20-38, §7-20-39, §7-20-40, §7-20-41, §7-20-42, 6 §7-20-43, §7-20-44, §7-20-45, §7-20-46, §7-20-47, §7-20-48, §7-20-49, §7-20-50, and §7-7 20-51; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §31-15-16e, all relating to Local Powers Act; renaming short title the County Local Powers Act; 8 9 amending purpose and legislative findings; amending certain definitions and adding 10 definitions; amending criteria and requirements to implement and collect certain fees; 11 making technical corrections; amending authorization for county commissions related to 12 imposition of impact fees, services fees, and other taxes; providing for county commission 13 review and permissive approval of impact fees: amending use of proceeds from sale of 14 bonds; adding payment sources for bonds; allowing the reallocation of certain ad valorem 15 property taxes after ratification of constitutional amendment and procedures and 16 requirements related to reallocation of ad valorem property taxes; specifying effective 17 date; providing requirements and procedures concerning creation and finalization of 18 county road construction project plans and amendments thereto; specifying public hearing 19 and notice requirements and opportunity for public comment; requiring consent; permitting 20 joint road construction projects; setting forth duties, authorities, and jurisdiction of 21 Commissioner of Highways; authorizing intergovernmental agreements and setting forth 22 requirements related thereto; providing for the termination of road construction projects 23 plan; providing for application for approval of road construction project plans and 24 application content; providing for certification of road construction project; providing rule-25 making authority; providing for acceptance into state road system; gualifying road 26 construction projects as public improvements; providing for reporting by Commissioner of

27 Highways; creating special revenue revolving fund and for county subaccounts; providing 28 for funding and expenditures from account; authorizing West Virginia Economic 29 Development Authority to issue revenue bonds and refunding bonds; permitting cash-30 basis projects; setting forth requirements concerning issuance, selling, execution, and use 31 of bonds; permitting trust agreements; specifying that bonds and other obligations 32 undertaken by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority do not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of this state or of any county, 33 34 municipality, or any other political subdivision; specifying that bonds are negotiable 35 instruments; providing exemption from taxation; waiving and exempting personal liability; providing that authority for exercise of powers are cumulative and neither powers nor 36 37 bonds are limited; providing for termination of special allocation of property taxes; 38 providing for excess fund deposit; specifying that powers are supplemental; providing for 39 severability: and providing authority and requirements related to West Virginia Economic 40 Development Authority, including authority to issue bonds, limitations, payments, 41 certification, and return of unused funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 20. FEES AND EXPENDITURES FOR COUNTY DEVELOPMENT.

§7-20-1. Short title.

1

This article shall be known as the <u>County</u> Local Powers Act.

§7-20-2. Purpose and findings.

(a) It is the purpose of this article to provide for the fair distribution of costs for county
 development by authorizing the assessment and collection of fees to offset the cost of
 commercial, industrial, and residential development within affected counties.

- 4
- (b) The Legislature hereby makes the following findings:

5 (1) The residents, taxpayers, and users of county facilities and services, in affected 6 counties, have contributed significant funds in the form of taxes and user charges toward the cost

of existing county facilities and services, which represent a substantial and incalculableinvestment;

9 (2) Affected counties in West Virginia are experiencing an increased demand for 10 development which is causing strain on tax revenues and user charges at existing levels and 11 impairing the ability of taxpayers, residents, and users to bear the cost of increased demand for 12 county facilities and services. In some instances, county borrowing has been required to meet the 13 demand;

(3) Equitable considerations require that future residents and users of existing county
 facilities and services contribute toward the investment already made in those facilities and
 services;

(4) Sound fiscal policy in the efficient administration of county government requires that
the imposition of taxes and user charges be commensurate to with the actual yearly cost of county
facilities and services;

(5) Accumulations of large financial reserves for future capital expenditures unjustly exact
 unneeded current funds from taxpayers and users; and

(6) County borrowing unnecessarily increases the cost of government by the amount of
 debt service and should be avoided unless considered absolutely necessary to meet an existing
 public need; and

- 25 (7) County economic development is hampered by the lack of state dollars to fund new
 26 roads and bridges and related infrastructure and to fund improvements to existing state roads and
- 27 bridges and related infrastructure.

§7-20-3. Definitions.

- 1 <u>For purposes of this article:</u>
- 2 (a) "Capital improvements" means the following public facilities or assets that are owned,
- 3 supported, or established by, county government or on behalf of, a government entity:
- 4 (1) Water treatment and distribution facilities;

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- 5 (2) Wastewater treatment and disposal facilities;
- 6 (3) Sanitary sewers;
- 7 (4) Stormwater, drainage, and flood control facilities;
- 8 (5) Public primary and secondary school facilities;
- 9 (6) Public road systems and rights-of-way owned by the West Virginia Department of
- 10 <u>Transportation or another government entity;</u>
- 11 (7) Parks and recreational facilities; and
- 12 (8) Police, emergency medical, rescue, and fire protection facilities; and
- 13 <u>(9) Conduit.</u>

"Capital improvements", as defined herein, is limited to those improvements that are 14 15 treated as capitalized expenses according to generally accepted governmental accounting 16 principles, or generally accepted accounting principles in the case of certain county economic 17 development entities, and that have an expected useful life of no less than three years. "Capital 18 improvement" does not include costs associated with the operation, repair, maintenance, or full 19 replacement of capital improvements. "Capital improvement" does include reasonable costs for 20 planning, design, engineering, land acquisition and other costs directly associated with the capital 21 improvements described herein.

- (b) "Conduit" means a man-made conveyance constructed and operated for the purpose
 of facilitating the provision of any public utility service as defined in chapter 24 of this code and
- 24 any video, telecommunications, or information service as defined in 47 U. S. C. §151, et seq.

(c) "County economic development entity" means a county economic development
 authority established pursuant to §7-12-1 *et seq.* of this code or if a county does not have a county
 economic development authority established pursuant to that article, an entity designated by
 resolution of the county commission of the county as the lead entity for economic development
 activities for the purpose of encouraging economic development in the county which entity may
 be, but is not limited to being, redevelopment authorities created pursuant to §16-18-1 *et seq.* of

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31 <u>this code; county economic development corporations; and regional economic development</u>
 32 councils, corporations, or partnerships.

(b) (d) "County services" means the following: (1) Services provided by administration and
administrative personnel, law enforcement and its support personnel; (2) street light service; (3)
firefighting service; (4) ambulance service; (5) fire hydrant service; (6) roadway maintenance and
other services provided by roadway maintenance personnel; (7) public utility systems and
services provided by public utility systems personnel, water; and (8) all other direct and indirect
county services authorized by this code.

39 (c) (e) "Direct county services" means those public services authorized and provided by
 40 various county agencies or departments <u>including</u>, <u>but not limited to</u>, <u>county economic</u>
 41 development entities.

42 (f) "Economic development" means any activity by a government entity seeking to improve

43 the economic well-being and quality of life for a community and its citizens by creating or retaining

44 jobs, growing incomes, and increasing the tax base.

45 (d) "Indirect county services" means those public services authorized and provided by
 46 commissioned agents, agencies or departments of the county

47 (g) "Governmental entity" means the state and any county, municipality, or other
48 governmental unit or political subdivision of the state, public corporation established by the state,
49 or a political subdivision thereof, and county economic development entities.

50 (e) (h) "Growth county" means any county within the state with an averaged population 51 growth rate in excess of one percent per year as determined from the most recent decennial 52 census counts and forecasted, within decennial census count years, by official records of 53 government or generally approved standard statistical estimate procedures: *Provided*, That once 54 "growth county" status is achieved it is permanent in nature and the powers derived hereby are 55 continued. <u>However, beginning July 1, 2019, the term "growth county" means and includes all of</u> 56 the 55 counties in this state regardless of their population.

- 57 <u>(i) "Indirect county services" means those public services authorized and provided by</u> 58 commissioned agents, agencies, or departments of the county.
- (f) "User" means any member of the public who uses or may have occasion to use county
 facilities and services as defined herein

61 (g) (j) "Impact fees" means any charge, fee, or assessment levied as a condition of the 62 following: (1) Issuance of a subdivision or site plan approval: (2) issuance of a building permit: 63 and (3) approval of a certificate of occupancy, or other development or construction approval 64 when any portion of the revenues collected is intended to fund any portion of the costs of capital 65 improvements for any public facilities or county services not otherwise permitted by law. An impact fee does not include charges for remodeling, rehabilitation, or other improvements to an existing 66 67 structure or rebuilding a damaged structure, provided there is no increase in gross floor area or 68 in the number of dwelling units that result therefrom.

69 (h) "Proportionate share" means the cost of capital improvements that are reasonably 70 attributed to new development less any credits or offsets for construction or dedication of land or 71 capital improvements, past or future payments made or reasonably anticipated to be made by 72 new development in the form of user fees, debt service payments, taxes or other payments toward 73 capital improvement costs.

(i) "Reasonable benefit" means a benefit received from the provision of a capital
 improvement greater than that received by the general public located within the county wherein
 an impact fee is being imposed

(j) (k) "Plan" means a county, comprehensive, general, master, or other land use plan as
 described herein in part I of this article.

79 (k) (l) "Program" means the capital improvements program described herein.

80 (m) "Proportionate share" means the cost of capital improvements that are reasonably

- 81 attributed to new development less any credits or offsets for construction or dedication of land or
- 82 capital improvements, past or future payments made, or reasonably anticipated to be made, by

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- 83 new development in the form of user fees, debt service payments, taxes, or other payments 84 toward capital improvement costs. 85 (n) "Reasonable benefit" means a benefit received from the provision of a capital 86 improvement greater than that received by the general public located within the county wherein 87 an impact fee is being imposed. 88 (o) "Related infrastructure" means and includes water distribution facilities, sanitary 89 sewers and stormwater, drainage, and flood control facilities: Provided, That the Division of Highways is not responsible for financing, constructing, installing, or maintaining related 90 infrastructure which may be located on a Division of Highways' right-of-way. 91 92 (p) "Road" means a public highway, road, bridge, tunnel, or overpass to be used for the 93 transportation of persons or goods that is, or will be upon completion, part of the state road system 94 as defined in §7-12-1 et seq. of this code. 95 (q) "Road project" means any project, including related infrastructure, to acquire, design, construct, expand, renovate, extend, enlarge, increase, equip, improve, maintain, or operate a 96 97 road in this state that is under the jurisdiction of the Division of Highways: Provided, That the 98 Division of Highways is not responsible for financing, constructing, installing, or maintaining 99 related infrastructure which may be located on a Division of Highways' right-of-way. 100 (r) "User" means any member of the public who uses or may have occasion to use county 101 facilities and services as defined herein. 102 (I) (s) "Unincorporated area" and "total unincorporated area" means all lands and resident 103 estates of a county that are not included within the corporate, annexed areas, or legal service 104 areas of an incorporated or chartered municipality, city, town, or village located in the State of 105 West Virginia. 106 (t) "West Virginia Commissioner of Highways" or "Commissioner of Highways" means the
- 107 <u>state agency created in §17-1-2 of this code.</u>

108 <u>(u) "West Virginia Economic Development Authority" or "authority" means the</u> 109 governmental entity created in §31-15-5 of this code.

§7-20-6. Criteria and requirements necessary to implement collection of fees.

(a) As a prerequisite to authorizing counties to levy impact fees related to population
 growth and or public service needs as provided in §7-20-7 of this code, counties shall meet the
 following requirements:

(1) A demonstration that <u>current infrastructure is hampering economic development in the</u>
<u>county or that the county's</u> population growth rate history as determined from the most recent
base decennial census counts of a county, utilizing generally approved standard statistical
estimate procedures, in excess of one percent annually averaged over a five-year period since
the last decennial census count; or a demonstration that a total population growth-rate projection
of one percent per annum for an ensuing five-year period, based on standard statistical estimate
procedures, from the current official population estimate of the county;

11 (2) Adopting Adopt a countywide comprehensive plan;

(3) Reviewing <u>Periodic review</u> and updating any <u>of a</u> comprehensive plan at no less than
 five-year intervals;

14 (4) Drafting and adopting a comprehensive zoning ordinance;

15 (5) Drafting and adopting a subdivision control ordinance

(6) (4) Keeping Imposing and keeping in place a formal building permit and review system
 which provides a process to regulate the authorization of applications relating to construction or
 structural modification. The county shall adopt, pursuant to §7-1-3n of this code, the state building
 code into any such building permit and review system; and
 (7) (5) Providing Provide an improvement program which shall include:

21 (A) Developing and maintaining a list within the county of particular sites with development
22 potential;

(B) Developing and maintaining standards of service for capital improvements which are
 fully or partially funded with revenues collected from impact fees, service fees, property tax
 <u>collections reallocated as provided in §7-20-25 of this code, taxes imposed pursuant to this article,</u>
 or any combination thereof; and

(C) Lists of proposed capital improvements from all areas, containing descriptions of any
 such proposed capital improvements, cost estimates, projected time frames for constructing such
 improvements and proposed or anticipated funding sources.

30 (b) Capital improvement programs may include provisions to provide for the expenditure 31 of impact fees for any legitimate county purpose. This may include the expenditure of fees for 32 partial funding of any particular capital improvement where other funding exists from any source 33 other than the county or exists in combination with other funds available to the county: *Provided*, 34 That for such expenditures to be considered legitimate, no county or other local authority may 35 deny or withhold any reasonable benefit that may be derived therefrom from any development 36 project for which such impact fee or fees have been paid.

(c) Capital improvement programs for public elementary and secondary school facilities
may include provisions to spend impact fees based on a computation related to the following: (1)
The existing local tax base; and (2) the adjusted value of accumulated infrastructure investment,
based on net depreciation, and any remaining debt owed thereon. Any such computation must
establish the value of any equity shares in the net worth of an impacted school system facility,
regardless of the existence of any need to expand such facility. Impact fee revenues may only
be used for capital replacement or expansion.

(d) Additional development areas may be added to any plan or capital improvements
program provided for hereunder if a county government so desires. The standards governing the
construction or structural modification for any such additional area may not deviate from those
adopted and maintained at the time such addition is made.

- 48 (e) The county may <u>periodically</u> modify annually any capital improvements plan in addition
 49 to any impact fee rates based thereon, pursuant to the following:
- 50 (1) The number and extent of development projects begun in the past year;
- 51 (2) The number and extent of public facilities existing or under construction;
- 52 (3) The changing needs of the general population;
- 53 (4) The availability of any other funding sources; and
- 54 (5) Any other relevant and significant factor applicable to a legitimate goal or goals of any55 such capital improvement plan.

§7-20-7. Establishment of impact fees; levies may be used to fund existing capital improvements.

(a) Impact fees assessed against a development project to fund capital improvements and
 public services may not exceed the actual proportionate share of any benefit realized by such
 project relative to the benefit to the resident taxpayers.

4 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, those counties that meet 5 the requirements of section six of this article are hereby authorized to assess, levy, collect, and 6 administer any tax or fee as has been or may be specifically authorized by the Legislature by 7 general law to the municipalities of this state: Provided, That any assessment, levy, or collection 8 shall be delayed 60 days from its regular effective date: *Provided, however,* That in the event 15 9 percent of the qualified voters of the county by petition duly signed by them in their own 10 handwriting and filed with the county commission within 45 days after any impact fee or levy is 11 imposed by the county commission, pursuant to this article, the fee or levy protested may not 12 become effective until it is ratified by a majority of the legal votes cast thereon by the qualified 13 voters of such county at any primary, general or special election as the county commission directs. 14 Voting thereon may not take place until after notice of the subcommission of referendum on the 15 fee a or levy on and the ballot ballots has have been given by publication of published as a Class 16 II legal advertisement and publication area shall be in the county where such the fee or levy is

imposed: *Provided further*, That counties may not double tax by applying a given tax within any corporate boundary in which that municipality has implemented such tax. Any such taxes or fees collected under this law may be used to fund a proportionate share of the cost of existing capital improvements and public services where it is shown that all or a portion of existing capital improvements and public services were provided in anticipation of the needs of new development. (b) In determining a proportionate share of capital improvements and public services

23 costs, the following factors shall be considered:

(1) The need for new capital improvements and public services to serve new development
based on an existing capital improvements plan that shows: (A) Any current deficiencies in
existing capital improvements and services that serve existing development and the means by
which any such deficiencies may be eliminated within a reasonable period of time by means other
than impact fees or additional levies; and (B) any additional demands reasonably anticipated as
the result of capital improvements and public services created by new development;

30 (2) The availability of other sources of revenue to fund capital improvements and public
 31 services, including user charges, existing taxes, intergovernmental transfers, in addition to any
 32 special tax or assessment alternatives that may exist;

33 (3) The cost of existing capital improvements and public services;

34 (4) The method by which the existing capital improvements and public services are35 financed;

36 (5) The extent to which any new development, required to pay impact fees, has contributed
37 to the cost of existing capital improvements and public services in order to determine if any credit
38 or offset may be due such development as a result thereof;

(6) The extent to which any new development, required to pay impact fees, is reasonably
projected to contribute to the cost of the existing capital improvements and public services in the
future through user fees, debt service payments or other necessary payments related to funding
the cost of existing capital improvements and public services;

43 (7) The extent to which any new development is required, as a condition of approval, to
44 construct and dedicate capital improvements and public services which may give rise to the future
45 accrual of any credit or offsetting contribution; and

46 (8) The time-price differentials inherent in reasonably determining amounts paid and
47 benefits received at various times that may give rise to the accrual of credits or offsets due new
48 development as a result of past payments.

(c) Each county shall assess impact fees pursuant to a standard formula so as to ensure fair and similar treatment to all affected persons or projects. A county commission may provide partial or total funding from general or other nonimpact fee funding sources for capital improvements and public services directly related to new development, when such development benefits some public purpose, such as providing affordable housing and creating or retaining employment in the community.

§7-20-7a. Impact fees for affordable housing.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that:

(1) There is a lack of affordable housing in counties that impose impact fees because the
cost of the fees along with the economic conditions in those counties has resulted in low and
moderate income persons, persons on fixed incomes, the elderly and persons with special needs,
not being able to obtain safe, decent and affordable housing;

6 (2) A lack of affordable housing affects the ability of a community to develop and maintain
7 strong and stable economies, and impairs the health, stability and self-esteem of individuals and
8 families; and

9 (3) Financing affordable housing particularly in high growth counties is becoming10 increasingly difficult.

For these reasons, it is in the public interest to encourage counties that have imposed impact fees and those considering the imposition of impact fees to fairly assess and discount impact fees so as not to limit safe, decent, and affordable housing.

14	(b) On or before July 1, 2012 A county imposing impact fees shall enact an affordable
15	housing component with a discount impact fees schedule, based upon the new homes value
16	compared to the most recent annual single dwelling residential housing index created in §11-1-
17	2b of this code, to the county's impact fees ordinance. The impact fees schedule shall be updated
18	annually to reflect the changes to the single dwelling residential housing index.

19 (c) The affordable housing component shall:

(1) Take into account all the different types of housing, including single family detached,
single family attached, duplex, town house, apartment, condominium and manufactured home;
and

(2) Include a discount for mobile homes, as defined in §17A-1-1 of this code, based upon
the value set out in the National Automobile Dealers Association book.

(d) The county commission shall annually <u>review impact fees imposed pursuant to this</u>
 <u>article and may</u> approve, by a majority vote, any increase or decrease in the impact fees schedule.
 §7-20-14. Use of proceeds from sale of bonds.

(a) The proceeds from the sale of any bonds issued under authority of this article §7-20<u>13 of this code</u> shall be applied only for the purpose for which the bonds were issued: *Provided*,
That any accrued interest and premium received in any such sale shall be applied to the payment
of the principal of or the interest on the bonds sold. If for any reason any portion of the proceeds
<u>is</u> not be needed for the purpose for which the bonds were issued, then the unneeded portion of
the proceeds shall be applied to the purchase of bonds for cancellation or payment of the principal
of or the interest on the bonds, or held in reserve for the payment thereof.

8 (b) The costs of acquiring any special infrastructure project shall be deemed to include the9 following:

(1) Capital costs, including, but not limited to, the actual costs of the construction of public
 works or improvements, capital improvements and facilities, new buildings, structures, and
 fixtures, the demolition, alteration, remodeling, repair, or reconstruction of existing buildings,

structures and fixtures, environmental remediation, the acquisition of equipment and site clearing,
grading, and preparation;

(2) Financing costs, including, but not limited to, an interest paid to holders of evidences
of indebtedness issued to pay for project costs, all costs of issuance and any redemption
premiums, credit enhancement or other related costs;

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(3) Real property acquisition costs, including, but not limited to, rights-of-way;

(4) Professional service costs, including, but not limited to, those costs incurred forarchitectural planning, engineering, and legal advice and services;

(5) Imputed administrative costs, including, but not limited to, reasonable charges for time
 spent by county employees in connection with the implementation of a project;

(6) Relocation costs, including, but not limited to, those relocation payments made
following condemnation and job training and retraining;

(7) Organizational costs, including, but not limited to, the costs of conducting
environmental impact and other studies, and the costs of informing the public with respect to the
implementation of project plans;

(8) Payments made, in the discretion of the county commission, which are found to be
necessary or convenient to the implementation of project plans; and

(9) That portion of costs related to the construction of environmental protection devices,
 storm or sanitary sewer lines, water lines, amenities or streets or the rebuilding or expansion of
 streets, or the construction, alteration, rebuilding or expansion of which is necessitated by the
 project plan, whether or not the construction, alteration, rebuilding or expansion is within the area
 or on land contiguous thereto.

§7-20-15. No contribution by county.

(a) No county commission shall have has the power to pay out of its general funds or
 otherwise contribute any of the costs of acquiring, constructing or financing a special infrastructure
 project to be acquired, constructed or financed, in whole or in part, out of the proceeds from the

sale of revenue bonds issued under the authority of this article: *Provided*, That this provision shall
not be construed to <u>does not</u> prevent a county from accepting donations of property to be used
as a part of an infrastructure project or to be used for defraying any part of the cost of any
infrastructure project or from imposing a service fee as provided in §7-20-12 of this code, which
is dedicated, in whole or in part, to the infrastructure project or to payment of debt service on
revenue bonds issued pursuant to this article.

(b) The bonds issued pursuant to this article §7-20-13 of this code shall be payable solely
from: (1) The revenue derived from the infrastructure project or the financing thereof; (2) the
service fee imposed pursuant to §7-20-12 of this code; er (3) property tax collections as provided
in §7-20-25 of this code; (4) any revenue collected pursuant to this article that is deposited in a
special revenue fund established by the county commission that is not part of the general revenue
of the county; or (5) any combination of these sources.

16 (c) No county commission shall have the authority under this article to levy any taxes for 17 the purpose of paying any part of the cost of acquiring, constructing or financing an infrastructure 18 project except as provided in this article. However, all necessary preliminary expenses actually 19 incurred by a county commission in the making of surveys, taking options, preliminary planning 20 and all other expenses necessary to be paid prior to the issuance, sale and delivery of the revenue 21 bonds, may be paid by the county commission out of any surplus contained in any item of 22 budgetary appropriation or any revenues, including, but not limited to, service fees, collected in 23 excess of anticipated revenues, which shall be reimbursed and repaid out of the proceeds of the 24 sale of the revenue bonds.

§7-20-16. Bonds made legal investments.

Bonds issued under the provisions of this article <u>§7-20-13 of this code</u> shall be legal investments for banks, building and loan associations, and insurance companies organized under the laws of this state and for a business development corporation organized pursuant to §31-14-1 *et seq.* of this code.

§7-20-23. Excess funds; termination of service fee.

(a) When revenue bonds have been issued as provided in this article §7-20-13 of this code
and the amount of service fees imposed pursuant to §7-20-12 of this code, <u>if any</u>, and collected
by the sheriff, less costs of administration, collection and enforcement, exceeds the amount
needed to pay project costs and annual debt service, including the finding of required debt service
and maintenance reserves, the additional amount shall be set aside in a separate fund and used
to retire some or all of the outstanding revenue bonds before their maturity date.

(b) Once the revenue bonds issued as provided in this article §7-20-13 of this code are no
longer outstanding or the county commission determines that sufficient reserves have been or
will be accumulated as of a specified date to pay all future debt service on the outstanding bonds,
the service fee to payable services on a subsequent issue of revenue bonds imposed pursuant
to §7-20-12 of this code may not be imposed or collected for subsequent weeks after that date.
Termination of the service fee as provided in this section shall does not bar or otherwise prevent
the county commission from collecting service fees that accrued before the termination date.

§7-20-24. Severability.

If any section, clause, provision or portion of <u>part I of</u> this article shall be held to be invalid
 or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such holding shall not affect any other
 section, clause or provision of this article which is not in and of itself unconstitutional.

PART II. COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER INFRASTRUCTURE CAPITAL

IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS.

§7-20-25. Ad valorem property taxes on capital additions.

(a) Pursuant to section one-d, article X of the West Virginia Constitution and
notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, when a new manufacturing facility or a
capital addition to an existing manufacturing facility qualifies for treatment under §11-6F-1 *et seq.*of this code, then for the first tax year that the facility or capital addition thereto does not qualify

5	for tax treatment, in whole or in part, under that article, the sheriff shall deposit property taxes
6	paid by the owner of a new manufacturing facility or a capital addition to an existing manufacturing
7	facility, up to 100 percent of those taxes as specified in the county commission order authorizing
8	the allocation, in the county's special fund established for county road and bridge construction
9	and other infrastructure capital improvement projects. However, this reallocation does not apply
10	to taxes attributable to excess levies or to levies for bonded indebtedness. Upon order of the
11	county commission, the sheriff shall periodically transfer moneys in this special fund to pay: (1)
12	For capital improvements that are not part of a road construction project on a pay-as-you-go basis;
13	(2) debt service on revenue bonds issued pursuant to this article to pay for infrastructure capital
14	improvements that are not part of a road construction project; and (3) road construction projects
15	as provided in §7-20-35 of this code.
16	(b) §7-20-25(a) of this code takes effect upon ratification of section one-d, article X of the
17	West Virginia Constitution.
18	(c) Reallocation of certain property tax collections as provided in section one-d, article X
19	of the West Virginia Constitution and §7-20-25(a) of this code shall be for the property tax year
19 20	of the West Virginia Constitution and §7-20-25(a) of this code shall be for the property tax year (calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the
20	(calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the
20 21	(calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the reallocation. However, the county commission may not adopt or enter this order until after receipt
20 21 22	(calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the reallocation. However, the county commission may not adopt or enter this order until after receipt of a resolution adopted by the county board of education supporting the infrastructure capital
20 21 22 23	(calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the reallocation. However, the county commission may not adopt or enter this order until after receipt of a resolution adopted by the county board of education supporting the infrastructure capital improvement project and, if the project is a road or bridge construction project that will be owned
20 21 22 23 24	(calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the reallocation. However, the county commission may not adopt or enter this order until after receipt of a resolution adopted by the county board of education supporting the infrastructure capital improvement project and, if the project is a road or bridge construction project that will be owned by the West Virginia Department of Transportation, receipt by the county commission of a
20 21 22 23 24 25	(calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the reallocation. However, the county commission may not adopt or enter this order until after receipt of a resolution adopted by the county board of education supporting the infrastructure capital improvement project and, if the project is a road or bridge construction project that will be owned by the West Virginia Department of Transportation, receipt by the county commission of a memorandum of understanding executed by the Commissioner of Highways and the president of
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the reallocation. However, the county commission may not adopt or enter this order until after receipt of a resolution adopted by the county board of education supporting the infrastructure capital improvement project and, if the project is a road or bridge construction project that will be owned by the West Virginia Department of Transportation, receipt by the county commission of a memorandum of understanding executed by the Commissioner of Highways and the president of the county commission.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(calendar year) that begins after the county commission enters an order authorizing the reallocation. However, the county commission may not adopt or enter this order until after receipt of a resolution adopted by the county board of education supporting the infrastructure capital improvement project and, if the project is a road or bridge construction project that will be owned by the West Virginia Department of Transportation, receipt by the county commission of a memorandum of understanding executed by the Commissioner of Highways and the president of the county commission.

31	bonds for the infrastructure capital improvement project remain outstanding, in which event the
32	county commission shall enter an order terminating the reallocation for the property tax year that
33	begins after the bond trustee certifies to the commission that the debt service has been paid or
34	that sufficient funds exist to pay the remaining debt service as it becomes due.
	§7-20-26. Creation of county road construction project plan.
1	County commissions, upon their own initiative or upon application of: (1) A highway
2	authority; (2) a local, county or regional economic development authority; or (3) any resident of
3	the county may propose creation of a road construction project plan for the county or propose an
4	amendment to an existing road construction project plan of the county. This plan may include
5	related infrastructure that is necessary or convenient to economic development adjacent to the
6	proposed road. When a plan includes related infrastructure, the county commission shall consult
7	with the West Virginia Economic Development Authority in order to maximize the development
8	potential of projects in the plan. Any related infrastructure included in a plan or project shall be
9	constructed and maintained by the utility, public service district, company or other private or public
10	entity utilizing or operating the related infrastructure. Road construction project plans are limited
11	to those for the construction, reconstruction, improvement or modernization of state roads, as
12	defined in §7-12A-1 of this code, that are part of the state road system, as defined in §7-12A-1 of
13	this code, or that will become part of the state road system upon completion of the construction.
14	All construction, reconstruction, improvement or modernization and maintenance of state roads
15	shall be done by or under the supervision of the Commissioner of Highways.
	§7-20-27. Public hearing required.
1	(a) General. — After the proposed road construction project plan, or proposed project plan
2	amendment, is drafted, the county commission shall hold one or more public hearings at which
3	interested persons may express their views on the county's proposed road construction project
4	plan, or the proposed amendment to an existing road construction project plan, including related
5	infrastructure, if any.

6	(b) Notice of public hearing. — Notice of the public hearing or hearings shall be published
7	as a Class II legal advertisement in accordance with the requirements of §59-3-1 et seq. of this
8	code. The published notice shall include, at a minimum:
9	(1) The date, time, place and purpose of the public hearing or hearings;
10	(2) A description of each road construction project included in the proposed road
11	construction project plan, or the proposed amendment to an existing project plan, including related
12	infrastructure, if any, in sufficient detail to give the public notice of the contents of the proposed
13	project plan, or the proposed amendment to an existing project plan, including any related
14	infrastructure, to cause residents of the county and other interested persons to examine the
15	proposed road construction project plan, or the proposed amendment to an existing project plan,
16	including related infrastructure, and attend the public hearing or submit written comments should
17	they so choose;
18	(3) Identify the places in the county where the proposed road construction project plan, or
19	the proposed amendment to an existing project plan, may be viewed, one of which places shall
20	be the county commission's webpage; and
21	(4) Explain whether one or more projects in the proposed road construction project plan,
22	or in the proposed amendment to an existing project plan, including related infrastructure, if any,
23	will be financed, in whole or in part, by certain ad valorem property tax collections as provided in
24	<u>§7-20-25 of this code.</u>
25	(c) Notice by mail. — On or before the first day of publication of the public notice, a copy
26	of the notice shall be sent by first class mail to the Commissioner of Highways, the Director of the
27	West Virginia Development Office, the county superintendent of schools, or president of the
28	county board of education, and to the mayor of each municipality located within the county.
29	Additionally, when the county commission reasonably anticipates that a proposed road
30	construction project may affect a bordering county, a copy of the notice shall also be sent by first
31	class mail to the president of the county commission of the bordering county or counties.

32	(d) Opportunity to be heard. — All persons who appear at the public hearing shall be
33	afforded a reasonable opportunity to express their views on all or any part of the proposed road
34	construction project plan, or the proposed amendment to an existing project plan, including related
35	infrastructure, if any.
36	(e) Written comments. — Additionally, written comments may be submitted to the county
37	commission before, during or within five business days after the public hearing. Timely mailing of
38	the written comments to the county commission, at the mailing address of the courthouse,
39	postage prepaid, shall be deemed timely submission of the written comments.
40	(f) Recording of public hearing. — Each public hearing shall be recorded by a court
41	reporter or be digitally recorded.
	§7-20-28. Finalization of project plan or amendment.
1	(a) Resolution of county commission. — After both the public hearing and the public
2	comment period close, and after receipt of any required resolution of the governing body of a
3	municipality as provided in §7-20-28(b) of this code, the county commission may, by resolution,
4	finalize its roads construction project plan, or its proposed amendment to an existing road
5	construction project plan, including related infrastructure, if any, and, after prioritizing each project,
6	adopt a resolution authorizing submission of an application for the road construction project plan,
7	or for the amendment to an existing project plan, as finalized, to the Commissioner of Highways
8	for review and approval, as provided in §7-20-11 of this code.
9	(b) Consent of municipality in which project located. — No county commission may adopt
10	a resolution approving a road construction project plan, or an amendment to a previously
11	approved project plan, any portion of which is located within the boundaries of a Class I, II, III, or
12	IV municipality, without the adoption of a resolution by the governing body of that municipality
13	consenting to construction of the project within the municipality.
	§7-20-29. Order adopting road construction project plan or plan amendment.

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1	(a) A road construction project plan, or an amendment to an existing project plan, may not
2	be adopted by order of the county commission until after the project plan, or the plan amendment,
3	including related infrastructure, if any, has been approved by the Commissioner of Highways.
4	(b) Upon approval of a road construction project plan, or a plan amendment, by the
5	Commissioner of Highways, and receipt of a resolution adopted by the county board of education
6	supporting the road construction project plan or plan amendment, the county commission may
7	enter an order that:
8	(1) Describes each approved road construction project sufficiently to identify with ordinary
9	and reasonable certainty the geographic location in the county of each road construction project
10	included in the county's plan and any related infrastructure;
11	(2) Assigns a name to the road construction project for identification purposes, which
12	name shall be the name given to the project by the Commissioner of Highways should the
13	commissioner assign a name to the project;
14	(3) Includes a geographic or other designation; and
15	(4) Assigns a project number that begins with the federal information processing code
16	number for the county followed by a hyphen and a consecutive number beginning with the number
17	<u>"01". Each additional road construction project in the county approved by the Commissioner of</u>
10	
18	Highways shall be assigned the next consecutive number.
18	Highways shall be assigned the next consecutive number. (c) Implements §7-20-25 of this code for the next property tax year (calendar year) that
19	(c) Implements §7-20-25 of this code for the next property tax year (calendar year) that
19	(c) Implements §7-20-25 of this code for the next property tax year (calendar year) that begins after the order is entered by the county commission.
19 20	(c) Implements §7-20-25 of this code for the next property tax year (calendar year) that begins after the order is entered by the county commission. §7-20-30. Amendment of road construction project plan.
19 20 1	 (c) Implements §7-20-25 of this code for the next property tax year (calendar year) that begins after the order is entered by the county commission. §7-20-30. Amendment of road construction project plan. (a) In general. — A road construction project plan adopted by order of the county
19 20 1 2	 (c) Implements §7-20-25 of this code for the next property tax year (calendar year) that begins after the order is entered by the county commission. §7-20-30. Amendment of road construction project plan. (a) In general. — A road construction project plan adopted by order of the county commission, including related infrastructure, if any, may be amended by the county commission

6	an intergovernmental agreement is executed as provided in this article for that project, the project
7	may not be revised by the county commission without the express written approval of the
8	Commissioner of Highways.
9	(b) Procedure to amend project plan. — The procedures in this article that apply to creation
10	of a road construction project plan shall also apply to each proposed amendment to the adopted
11	road construction project plan including any related infrastructure.
	§7-20-31. Joint road construction projects.
1	(a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the citizens of the state would benefit
2	from coordinated road construction efforts by county commissions that enter an order reallocating
3	certain property tax collections as provided in §7-20-25 of this code.
4	(b) Notwithstanding any other section of this code to the contrary, any two or more county
5	commissions may contract to share expenses and to share property tax collections reallocated
6	as provided in §7-20-25 of this code, on a pro rata or other basis, to facilitate construction of road
7	construction projects within their respective counties, including related infrastructure, if any.
8	(c) When a road construction project begins in one county and ends in one or more other
9	counties of this state, the county commission of each county may, by resolution, adopt a written
10	intergovernmental agreement with each county and the Commissioner of Highways regarding the
11	proposed multicounty road construction project, including related infrastructure, if any.
12	(d) No county commission may withdraw from an intergovernmental agreement as long
13	as revenue bonds remain outstanding, the proceeds of which were used by the Commissioner of
14	Highways to finance construction of the road.
15	(e) No withdrawing county commission shall be entitled to the return of any money or
16	property advanced to the road construction project, including related infrastructure, if any.
17	(f) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, any county commission that
18	reallocates certain property tax collections as provided in §7-20-25 of this code may agree with
19	one or more other counties that also reallocate certain property tax collections as provided in that

20	section that have an interest in completion of a proposed road construction project, including
21	related infrastructure, if any, may enter into an intergovernmental agreement with respect to the
22	pooling of certain property tax collections reallocated pursuant to that section to finance
23	construction of the road construction project, including related infrastructure, if any, either on a
24	cash basis or to pay debt service on revenue bonds issued by the Executive Director of the West
25	Virginia Economic Development Authority to fund the road construction project.
26	(g) The obligations of the parties under any intergovernmental agreement executed
27	pursuant to this article shall not be debt within the meaning of section six or eight, article X of the
28	West Virginia Constitution.
29	(h) Any intergovernmental agreement shall be approved by resolution adopted by a
30	majority vote of the county commission of each county participating in the agreement and by the
31	Commissioner of Highways. After the resolution is adopted, the agreement shall be signed by at
32	least one member of the county commission and by the Commissioner of Highways.
33	(i) The Commissioner of Highways is authorized to enter into intergovernmental
34	agreements with county commissions or other political subdivisions of the state, or with the federal
35	government or any agency thereof, respecting the financing, planning and construction of roads
36	and bridges, including related infrastructure, if any, constructed pursuant to this part of this article.
	§7-20-32. Termination of road construction project plan.
1	(a) General. — No road construction project plan may be in existence for a period longer
2	than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in this section, and no revenue bonds secured by
3	collections of property taxes reallocated pursuant to §7-20-25 of this code may have a final
4	maturity date of more than 30 years after date of issuance of the revenue bonds.
5	(b) Extension of plan. — Each amendment of a county's road construction project plan
6	approved by the Commissioner of Highways that results in execution of an intergovernmental
7	agreement by the county commission and the Commissioner of Highways shall extend the term

8	of the project plan for another 30 years beginning with the day the last party to sign, signs the
9	intergovernmental agreement.
10	(c) Prohibition on termination or rate reduction. — The county commission may not repeal
11	the order allocating property taxes paid on certain manufacturing facilities or capital additions
12	thereto pursuant to §7-20-25 of this code, or reduce the rates at which the taxes are imposed, so
13	long as any revenue bonds secured by the taxes remain outstanding, unless payment of the
14	bonds has been secured.
	§7-20-33. Application to Commissioner of Highways for approval of road construction
	project plans.
1	The Commissioner of Highways, within 60 days after receipt of the county commission's
2	proposed road construction project plan, or an amendment to a previously approved project plan,
3	including related infrastructure, if any, shall: (1) Approve the plan as submitted, in whole or in part;
4	(2) reject the plan as submitted, in whole or in part; or (3) return the plan to the county commission
5	for further development or review in accordance with instructions of the Commissioner of
6	Highways. The decision of the commissioner is final and is not subject to judicial review.
	§7-20-34. Contents of application.
1	(a) Each application submitted under §7-20-33 of this code shall include:
2	(1) A true copy of the county's proposed road construction project plan, or proposed
3	amendment to a project plan previously approved by the Commissioner of Highways, including
4	related infrastructure, if any, that is adopted, after the public hearing, by resolution of the county
5	commission.
6	(2) A true copy of the resolution adopted by the county commission approving submission
7	of the adopted road construction project plan, or the proposed amendment to a project plan
8	previously approved by the Commissioner of Highways, including related infrastructure, if any, to
9	the Commissioner of Highways for approval.
10	(3) A true copy of the notice of public hearing or hearings on the county's proposed road

11	construction plan, or proposed amendment to a previously adopted project plan, and a true copy
12	of the proposed plan, or the proposed amendment to an existing project plan, including related
13	infrastructure, if any, that was the subject of the public hearing.
14	(4) An affidavit signed by the president of the county commission confirming publication
15	of the notice of public hearing.
16	(5) A true copy of the transcript of the public hearing or hearings, or a true copy of the
17	digital recording of the public hearing or hearings, including true copies of any written comments
18	received by the commission on the proposed road construction project plan, or the proposed
19	amendment to an existing project plan, including related infrastructure, if any.
20	(6) A statement generally describing each project included in the county's road
21	construction project plan, or the proposed amendment to an existing project plan, including related
22	infrastructure, if any, and identifying:
23	(A) Type of project, as:
24	(i) Road project;
25	(ii) Bridge project; or
26	(iii) Road and bridge project;
27	(B) Related infrastructure, if any;
28	(C) Location of the project;
29	(D) Length of the project, in miles or feet;
30	(E) Scope of the work:
31	(F) Classification of the project as:
32	(i) Preservation project;
33	(ii) Modernization project; or
34	(iii) Expansion project;
35	(G) Estimated cost of the project;
36	(H) Method of financing the project; and

37	(I) Timeline for completion of the project.
38	(7) A map of the county showing the geographic location of each road construction project
39	included in the county's road construction project plan, including related infrastructure, if any.
40	(8) A true copy of the resolution adopted by the governing body of the municipality
41	consenting to the road construction project when the road construction project is located, in whole
42	or in part, within the corporate limits of any municipality.
43	(9) Identification of any businesses or residents that the county commission anticipates
44	will be displaced or leave because of the road construction project, including related infrastructure,
45	if any.
46	(10) A good-faith estimate of the annual net property tax collections reallocated pursuant
47	to §7-20-25 of this code and other revenues, if any, to be deposited in the county's subaccount in
48	the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account in the State Treasury that will be
49	available to finance the project, in whole or in part.
50	(11) Any additional information the Commissioner of Highways may reasonably require to
51	analyze a proposed road construction project.
52	(b) Review of applications. — The Commissioner of Highways shall review all proposed
53	road construction project plans for conformance to statutory and regulatory requirements, the
54	reasonableness of the project's budget and timetable for completion using the following criteria:
55	(1) The quality of the proposed road construction project and how it addresses
56	transportation problems in the area in which the road construction project will be located;
57	(2) Whether there is credible evidence that unless certain property tax revenues are used
58	to finance the road construction project, in whole or in part, the project would not otherwise be
59	feasible in the timeline proposed by the county commission;
60	(3) Whether the property tax revenues will leverage or be the catalyst for the effective use
61	of state or federal funding that is available;
62	(4) Whether there is substantial and credible evidence that the proposed road construction

63 project, including related infrastructure, if any, is likely to be started and completed in a timely 64 fashion; 65 (5) Whether the proposed project will, directly or indirectly, improve transportation in the 66 area where the road construction project will occur benefitting county residents and facilitating 67 commercial business development and expansion in the county; 68 (6) Whether the proposed road construction project, including related infrastructure, if any, 69 will directly or indirectly assist in the creation of additional long-term employment opportunities in 70 the area and the quality of jobs created to include, but not be limited to, wages and benefits; 71 (7) Whether the proposed road construction project will fulfill a pressing transportation 72 need for the county, or part of the county, in which the road construction project would be located; 73 (8) Whether the county commission has a strategy for road construction in the county and 74 whether the proposed road construction project is consistent with that strategy; 75 (9) Whether the road construction project is consistent with the goals of this article; and 76 (10) Whether the road construction project, including related infrastructure, if any, is 77 economically and fiscally sound using recognized business standards of finance and accounting. 78 (c) Additional criteria. — The Commissioner of Highways may establish by rule additional 79 criteria for use when evaluating applications and approving or denying the application, in whole 80 or in part. 81 (d) Certification of road construction project. — When the Commissioner of Highways 82 approves a county's road construction project application, in whole or in part, as provided in §7-83 20-33 of this code, the commissioner shall issue to the county commission a written certificate 84 evidencing approval of each approved project, including related infrastructure, if any. 85 (e) Rules. — The Commissioner of Highways may propose rules for legislative approval 86 in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code to implement the county road 87 construction project application approval process and to further describe the criteria and 88 procedures it has established in connection therewith.

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§7-20-35. Commissioner's authority over road construction projects accepted into the state road system; use of state road funds.

1	(a) Notwithstanding anything in this article to the contrary, the Commissioner of Highways
2	has final approval of any road construction project, including related infrastructure, if any.
3	However, no state road funds may be used, singly or together with funds from any other source,
4	for any purpose or in any manner contrary to, or prohibited by, the Constitution and laws of this
5	state or the federal government or where such use, in the sole discretion of the commissioner,
6	would jeopardize receipt of federal funds.
7	(b) All road construction projects that are accepted as part of the state road system, and
8	all real property interests and appurtenances, shall be under the exclusive jurisdiction and control
9	of the Commissioner of Highways, who may exercise the same rights and authority as he or she
10	has over other transportation facilities in the state road system.
11	(c) Except as provided in an intergovernmental agreement executed by one or more
12	county commissions and the Commissioner of Highways as provided in this article, a county
13	commission is not required to pay for the cost of constructing, reconstructing, improving or
14	maintaining a road that is part of the state road system as defined in §7-12A-1 et seq. of this code
15	or to pay any other expense fairly related to that road.
	§7-20-36. Qualifying a transportation project as a public improvement.
1	All road construction projects authorized under this article, including related infrastructure,
2	if any, are public improvements subject to §21-1C-1 et seq. of this code, and either §5-22-1 et

3 seq. or §17-2D-1 et seq. of this code.

§7-20-37. Reports by Commissioner of Highways.

- 1 Each year, the Commissioner of Highways shall prepare a report giving the status of each
- 2 road construction project being constructed pursuant to this article and file it by October 1 with
- 3 the Governor, the Joint Committee on Government and Finance and with each county
- 4 commission with which the Commissioner of Highways has an intergovernmental agreement

5	executed pursuant to this article. The report shall include the following information:
6	(1) The identification, by county, of each road construction project for which an
7	intergovernmental agreement has been executed pursuant to this article, and the status of the
8	road construction project as of June 30 preceding the due date of the report;
9	(2) The estimated cost of each road construction project included in the report;
10	(3) The source or sources of funding for each road construction project included in the
11	report;
12	(4) The amount of the bonds issued that are outstanding as of June 30 preceding the due
13	date of the report for each project included in the report if revenue bonds have been issued by
14	the Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority;
15	(5) The balance as of June 30 preceding the due date of the report of each county's
16	subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account in the State Treasury;
17	(6) The amount of property tax collections deposited into each county's subaccount in the
18	County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account in the State Treasury during the fiscal year
19	ending June 30 preceding the due date of the commissioner's report; and
20	(7) The amount the Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic Development
21	Authority withdrew from each county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure
22	Improvement Account in the State Treasury during the fiscal year ending June 30 preceding the
23	due date of the report to pay debt service on revenue bonds issued pursuant to this article or to
24	construction projects financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.
	§7-20-38. Creation of County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account.
1	(a) Account created. — There is created in the State Treasury a special revenue revolving
2	fund account known as the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account which is an
3	interest-bearing account that shall be invested in the manner described in §12-6C-1 et seq. of this
4	code, with the interest income a proper credit to the account.
5	(b) County subaccount. — A separate and segregated subaccount within the account shall

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- be established for each county that allocates property tax collections as provided in §7-20-25 of
 this code.
- 8 (c) Additional funds. In addition to the county property taxes collected and allocated as
- 9 provided in §7-20-25 of this code, funds paid into the account for the credit of any subaccount
- 10 may also be derived from the following sources:
- 11 (1) All interest or return on the investment accruing to the subaccount;
- 12 (2) Any gifts, grants, bequests, transfers, appropriations or donations which are received
- 13 from any governmental entity or unit or any person, firm, foundation or corporation;
- 14 (3) Any other tax collections that may be deposited in the subaccount; and
- 15 (4) Any appropriations by the Legislature which are made for this purpose.
- 16 (d) Expenditures from account. The Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic
- 17 Development Authority may withdraw funds from a county's subaccount only in accordance with
- 18 one or more intergovernmental agreements or contracts executed by the county commission of
- 19 that county.

§7-20-39. Cash-basis projects; issuance of road construction special revenue bonds by Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority.

(a) Cash-basis projects. — Each county commission that has a subaccount in the County
 Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account established pursuant to this article may, in its
 discretion and pursuant to an intergovernmental written agreement with the county commission,
 authorize the Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority to use the
 moneys in its subaccount to finance the costs of road construction projects, including related
 infrastructure and infrastructure improvement projects, if any, in the county on a cash basis.

7 (b) Special revenue bonds. — Additionally, the county commission may, by
 8 intergovernmental written agreement, authorize the West Virginia Economic Development
 9 Authority to issue, in the manner prescribed by this article, special revenue bonds secured by
 10 certain property tax collections reallocated pursuant to §7-20-25 of this code to finance or

11	refinance all or part of a road construction project in the county, including related infrastructure
12	and infrastructure improvement projects, if any, and pledge all or any part of the property tax
13	collections reallocated pursuant to that section for the payment of the principal of and interest on
14	such bonds and the reserves therefor.
	§7-20-40. Issuance of county road construction special revenue bonds.
1	(a) Special revenue bonds may be issued by the West Virginia Economic Development
2	Authority pursuant to an intergovernmental written agreement with the county commission or
3	commissions and the Commissioner of Highways to finance or refinance, in whole or in part, road
4	construction projects, including related infrastructure, if any, or county infrastructure projects in
5	an aggregate principal amount not exceeding the amount which the county commission or
6	commissions and the Executive Director of the West Virginia Development Authority mutually
7	agree can be paid as to both principal and interest and reasonable margins for a reserve, if any,
8	therefor from county property tax collections reallocated as provided in §7-20-25 of this code. In
9	the discretion of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority, special revenue bonds
10	issued pursuant to this article may be issued for road construction projects, including related
11	infrastructure, if any, in two or more counties.
12	(b) The Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority shall
13	thereafter transfer from the county's subaccount all amounts necessary to pay debt service on
14	the bonds.
15	(c) The special revenue bonds shall be authorized to be issued by the West Virginia
16	Economic Development Authority pursuant to the provisions of this article, and shall be secured,
17	shall bear such date and shall mature at such time, not exceeding 30 years from the date of issue
18	except as otherwise provided in this article, shall bear interest at such rate or rates, including
19	variable rates, be in such denominations, be in such form, carry such registration privileges, be
20	payable in such medium of payment and at such place or places and such time or times and be
21	subject to such terms of redemption as the West Virginia Economic Development Authority may

22	authorize. Road construction special revenue bonds may be sold by the West Virginia Economic
23	Development Authority, at public or private sale, at, or not less than, the price the executive
24	director determines. The special revenue bonds shall be executed by manual or facsimile
25	signature by the Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority. In case
26	any Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority whose signature,
27	or a facsimile of whose signature, appears on any bond ceases to be the Executive Director of
28	the West Virginia Economic Development Authority before delivery of the bonds, such signature
29	or facsimile is nevertheless sufficient for all purposes the same as if he or she had remained in
30	office until such delivery.
	§7-20-41. Trustee for bondholders; contents of trust agreement; pledge or assignment of
	revenues and funds.
1	For bonds issued pursuant to this article, in the discretion of the Executive Director of the
2	West Virginia Economic Development Authority, any bonds, including refunding bonds issued by
3	the West Virginia Economic Development Authority, may be secured by a trust agreement
4	between the West Virginia Economic Development Authority and a corporate trustee, which
5	trustee may be any bank or trust company within or without the state. Any such trust agreement
6	may contain such binding covenants with the holders of such bonds as to any matter or provisions
7	as are deemed necessary or advisable to the authority to enhance the marketability and security
8	of such bonds and may also contain such other provisions with respect thereto as the authority
9	may authorize and approve. Any trust agreement may contain a pledge or assignment of
10	revenues to be received in connection with the financing.
	<u>§7-20-42. Refunding bonds.</u>
1	Any bonds issued by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority pursuant to this
2	article or any other provision of this code and at any time outstanding may at any time and from
3	time to time be refunded by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority by the issuance
4	of its refunding bonds in such amount as it may deem necessary to refund the principal of the

for approved project costs and to pay any premiums and commissions necessary to be paid in
connection therewith. Any such refunding may be effected by whether the bonds to be refunded
have then matured or thereafter mature, either by sale of the refunding bonds and the application
of the proceeds thereof for the redemption of the bonds to be refunded thereby or by exchange
of the refunding bonds for the bonds to be refunded thereby. Refunding bonds shall be issued in
conformance with the provisions of this article related to issuance of bonds.
§7-20-43. Obligations of West Virginia Economic Development Authority undertaken
pursuant to this article not debt of state, county, municipality, or any political
subdivision.
(a) Bonds, including refunding bonds, issued under the authority of this article and any
other obligations undertaken by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority pursuant to
this article, do not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of this state
or of any county, municipality or any other political subdivision of this state. The holders and
owners thereof have no right to have taxes levied by the Legislature or the taxing authority of any
county, municipality or any other political subdivision of this state for the payment of the principal
thereof or interest thereon. However, such bonds and other obligations are payable solely from
the revenues and funds pledged for their payment as authorized by this article unless the bonds
are refunded by refunding bonds issued pursuant to this article, which bonds or refunding bonds
shall be payable solely from revenues and funds pledged for their payment as authorized by this
article.
(b) All such bonds, and all documents evidencing any other obligation, shall contain on
the face thereof a statement to the effect that the bonds or such other obligation as to both
principal and interest are not debts of the state or any county, municipality or political subdivision
thereof, but are payable solely from revenues and funds pledged for their payment as authorized
by this article.

bonds so to be refunded, together with any unpaid interest thereon, to provide additional funds

§7-20-44. Negotiability of bonds issued pursuant to this article.

- 1 Whether or not the bonds issued pursuant to this article are of such form or character as
- 2 to be negotiable instruments under the Uniform Commercial Code, such bonds are negotiable
- 3 instruments within the meaning of, and for all the purposes of, the Uniform Commercial Code,
- 4 <u>subject only to the provisions of the bonds for registration.</u>

§7-20-45. Exemption from taxation.

- 1 All bonds issued by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority pursuant to §7-
- 2 <u>20-40 of this code, and all interest and income thereon, are exempt from all taxation by this state</u>
- 3 and any county, municipality, political subdivision or agency thereof, except inheritance taxes.

§7-20-46. Personal liability; persons executing bonds issued pursuant to this article.

- 1 <u>Neither the West Virginia Economic Development Authority, nor any officer or employee</u>
- 2 of the authority, or the Department of Commerce, or any person executing the bonds issued
- 3 pursuant to this article, are liable personally on such bonds or subject to any personal liability or
- 4 accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

§7-20-47. Cumulative authority as to powers conferred; applicability of other statutes and charters; bonds issued pursuant to this article.

- 1 The provisions of part II of this article relating to the issuance of bonds shall be construed
- 2 as granting cumulative authority for the exercise of the various powers herein conferred, and
- 3 <u>neither the powers nor any bonds issued hereunder are affected or limited by any other provision</u>
- 4 of this code now or hereafter in force, other than as may be provided in this article, it being the
- 5 purpose and intention of this article to create full, separate and complete additional powers. The
- 6 <u>various powers conferred herein may be exercised independently and notwithstanding that no</u>
- 7 bonds are issued hereunder.

§7-20-48. Cash-basis projects; termination of special allocation of property taxes; excess funds.

1 (a) Cash-basis projects. — When special revenue bonds have been issued as provided in

2	this article and the amount of property tax collections allocated pursuant to §7-20-25 of this code,
3	less costs of administration, collection and enforcement, exceeds the amount needed to pay
4	project costs and annual debt service, including the funding of required debt service and
5	maintenance reserves, if any, the additional amount remaining in the county's subaccount in the
6	County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account shall be used to retire outstanding revenue
7	bonds before their maturity date in accordance with the terms of such bonds.
8	(b) Termination of special allocation of property taxes. — Once the special revenue bonds
9	issued as provided in this article are no longer outstanding or have been defeased, and no
10	additional road construction projects and infrastructure improvement projects have been
11	requested and approved by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority, the reallocation
12	of certain property tax collections as provided in §7-20-25 of this code shall end by order adopted
13	by the county commission as provided in this article.
14	(c) Excess funds. — After all intergovernmental agreements with the West Virginia
15	Economic Development Authority required by this article have ended and all debt service on
16	special revenue bonds issued under this article to finance, in whole or in part, the road
17	construction projects and infrastructure improvement projects have been paid or provided for, and
18	reallocation of certain property tax collections as provided in §7-20-25 of this code has ended, the
19	Executive Director of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority shall forward the
20	unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the county's subaccount in the County Road and
21	Infrastructure Improvement Account to the county commission of that county for deposit in the
22	
	county's general fund.
	<u>county's general fund.</u>
1	

3 elsewhere in this chapter.

4	(b) Commissioner of Highways. — The powers conferred by part II of this article on the
5	Commissioner of Highways or the Division of Highways are in addition and supplemental to the
6	powers conferred upon the Commissioner of Highways, the Division of Highways, and the
7	Department of Transportation by the Legislature elsewhere in this code.
8	(c) West Virginia Economic Development Authority. — The powers conferred by part II of
9	this article are in addition and supplemental to the powers conferred upon the West Virginia
10	Economic Development Authority by the Legislature elsewhere in this code.
	§7-20-50. Public officials exempt from personal liability.
1	No member of a county commission or other county officer shall be personally liable on
2	any contract or obligation executed pursuant to the authority contained in part II of this article.
3	Nor shall such contracts or obligations or the issuance of revenue bonds by the West Virginia
4	Economic Development Authority secured by property tax collections allocated as provided in §7-
5	20-25 of this code be considered as misfeasance in office.
	<u>§7-20-51. Severability.</u>
1	If any section, subsection, subdivision, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase in part II of
2	this article is for any reason held to be invalid, unlawful or unconstitutional, that decision does not
3	affect the validity of the remaining portions of this article or any part thereof.
	CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.
	ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.
	§31-15-16e. Bonds for county capital improvements; limitations; authority to issue revenue
	bonds; use of funds to pay for projects.
1	(a) The West Virginia Economic Development Authority may, in accordance with the
2	provisions of this article and §7-20-1 et seq. of this code, issue special revenue bonds from time
3	to time, to pay for a portion of the cost of constructing, equipping, improving or maintaining road
4	and other capital improvement projects under §7-20-1 et seq. of this code or to refund the bonds,
•	

5	at the discretion of the authority. The principal amount of the bonds issued under this section may
6	not exceed, in the aggregate, an amount that, in the opinion of the authority, is necessary to
7	provide sufficient funds for achievement of the purposes of this section and §7-20-1 et seq. of this
8	code, and is within the limits of moneys pledged for the repayment of the principal, interest and
9	redemption premium, if any, on any revenue bonds or refunding bonds authorized by this section
10	and §7-20-1 et seq. of this code. Any revenue bonds issued on or after the effective date of this
11	section which are secured by ad valorem property taxes as provided in §7-20-25 of this code shall
12	mature at a time or times not exceeding 30 years from their respective dates except as otherwise
13	provided in §7-20-1 et seq. of this code. The principal of, and the interest and redemption
14	premium, if any, on the bonds shall be payable solely from the county's subaccount in the County
15	Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account in the State Treasury established in §7-20-1 et
16	seq. of this code.
17	(b) All amounts deposited in the fund shall be pledged to the repayment of the principal,
18	interest and redemption premium, if any, on any revenue bonds or refunding revenue bonds
18 19	interest and redemption premium, if any, on any revenue bonds or refunding revenue bonds authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities
19	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities
19 20	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure
19 20 21	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of
19 20 21 22	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the provisions of this section or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code.
19 20 21 22 23	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the provisions of this section or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. The bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be separate from all other bonds which may be
19 20 21 22 23 24	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the provisions of this section or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. The bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be separate from all other bonds which may be or have been issued from time to time under the provisions of this article or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the provisions of this section or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. The bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be separate from all other bonds which may be or have been issued from time to time under the provisions of this article or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. The debt service fund established for each bond issue shall be pledged solely for the
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the provisions of this section or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. The bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be separate from all other bonds which may be or have been issued from time to time under the provisions of this article or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. The debt service fund established for each bond issue shall be pledged solely for the repayment of bonds issued pursuant to this section and §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. On or prior
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	authorized by this section. The authority may further provide in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the county's subaccount in the County Road and Infrastructure Improvement Account as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the provisions of this section or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. The bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be separate from all other bonds which may be or have been issued from time to time under the provisions of this article or §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. The debt service fund established for each bond issue shall be pledged solely for the repayment of bonds issued pursuant to this section and §7-20-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. On or prior to May 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2019, the authority shall certify to each county

- 31 pursuant to this section.
- 32 (c) After the authority has issued bonds authorized by this section, and after the

33 requirements of all funds have been satisfied, including coverage and reserve funds established

- 34 in connection with the bonds issued pursuant to this section, any balance remaining in the debt
- 35 service fund may be used for the redemption of any of the outstanding bonds issued under this
- 36 <u>section which, by their terms, are then redeemable or for the purchase of the outstanding bonds</u>
- 37 at the market price, but not to exceed the price, if any, at which redeemable, and all bonds
- 38 redeemed or purchased shall be immediately canceled and shall not again be issued. Any funds
- 39 not used as provided in this subsection shall be returned to the county commission of the county
- 40 for which the bonds were issued.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide for the fair distribution of costs for county development by authorizing the assessment and collection of fees to offset the cost of development, including industrial development, within affected counties.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.